Designing a new EFP



- A democratic system for R&I funding
- Designing a new Framework Programme
- The EC proposal
- Next steps

Overview





A democratic process

- R&I is part of MFF EU budget
- Approval of the FP: three parties EC, EP and MS
- Member States' priorities inform the European Research ecosystem
- Industry and science lobbying between approvals
- Proposals for large European programmes stem co-funded programmes
- The work programme is drafted and discussed with Prog Committees of National representatives



Design a new Framework Programme



The political agenda: main reports and guidelines

Letta's report: "Much more than a market" April 2024

Von Der Leyen's EU Strategic Agenda and "Europe's Choice: Political guidelines for the next European Commission 2024–2029" of July 2024

Draghi's report: "The future of European competitiveness"
September 2024

Heitor's report: "Align, act, accelerate - Research, technology and innovation to boost European competitiveness", October 2024

Safer Together Niinisto Report (March 2025)

- Make business easier and Deepen the Single Market (Letta Report) (Europe's Choice)
- Unlock innovative potentials: disruptive innovation, new technologies
- Rise to the challenge of a new era for European defence and security (Europe's Choice; Draghi Report)
- Defence narrative must consider civilian resilience (Niinistö report)
- The Cultural Compass for Europe NEW







Accelerate

Safer Together
Strengthening Europe's
Civilian and Military
Preparedness and Readiness

Report by **Sauli Niinistö**, former President of the Republic of Finland, In his capacity as Special Adviser to the President of the European Commission

The European Framework Programme (FP): Why does it matter?



establishes the scientific and technological objectives to be achieved/fixes priorities;



indicates the broad cross-border research priorities (pillars ERC; Clusters; Missions;



mirrors funding distribution amount.



sets rules for participation and respective shares in activities (eg SSH as a principle; experts' selection; Monitoring and reporting)



Tentative Timeline

Q4 2024

September 2024: ERAC adopts opinions on FP10 and the next ERA Policy Agenda

Q3 2025

EC proposal for the new MFF

Q1 2026

Debate between MS and European Parliament (possible proposed editing and changes)

Q1 2027

Preparation FP10

Q4 2024

Report of the expert group on the future of European research and innovation

Sept-Dec 2025

Member States start negotiations on the proposed framework programme

Q4 2026

Final agreement



The EC proposal

16 July 2025



MFF Key features - EUR 2 trillion

- More flexibility across the budget, act and react fast;
- Simpler, more streamlined and harmonised EU financial programmes;
- A budget tailored to local needs, with National and Regional Partnership Plans for investments and reforms;
- A powerful competitiveness boost, for Europe to secure supply chains, scale-up innovation and lead the global race for clean and smart technology;
- A **balanced package of new own resources** that ensures adequate revenues for our priorities while minimising pressure on national public finances.



European Competitiveness Fund

- The European Competitiveness Fund (ECF, the Fund) is part of the post-2027 Multiannual Financial Framework (MFF) package,
- ECF aims to consolidate 14 individual funding instruments from the current MFF in one framework
- ECF operates as an investment capacity to bolster European competitiveness in technologies and strategic sectors critical to the EU competitiveness from collaborative research to scaling up, innovation, industrial and infrastructure deployment and manufacturing, including skills, and
- ► ECF supports projects and companies including SMEs, start-ups, larger companies, universities and research entities, while acting as a leverage tool employing budgetary instruments to attract private, institutional and national investments.



The next Framework Programme structure

What is the Commission proposing?

With a proposed €175 billion budget, the new programme will be based on four pillars.

Pillar I

EXCELLENT SCIENCE

€44.079 BILLION

EUROPEAN RESEARCH COUNCIL

MARIE SKŁODOWSKA-CURIE ACTIONS

SCIENCE FOR EU POLICIES

Pillar II

COMPETITIVENESS AND SOCIETY

€75.876 BILLION

COMPETITIVENESS¹:

- Clean Transition and
 Industrial Decarbonisation
- 2. Health, Biotech, Agriculture and Bioeconomy
- 3. Digital leadership
- 4. Resilience and Security, Defence Industry and Space

SOCIETY:

- 1. Global societal challenges
- 2. EU Missions
- 3. New European Bauhaus Facility

Pillar III

INNOVATION

€38.785 BILLION

EUROPEAN INNOVATION COUNCIL

INNOVATION ECOSYSTEMS AND THE KNOWLEDGE TRIANGLE

Pillar IV

EUROPEAN RESEARCH AREA

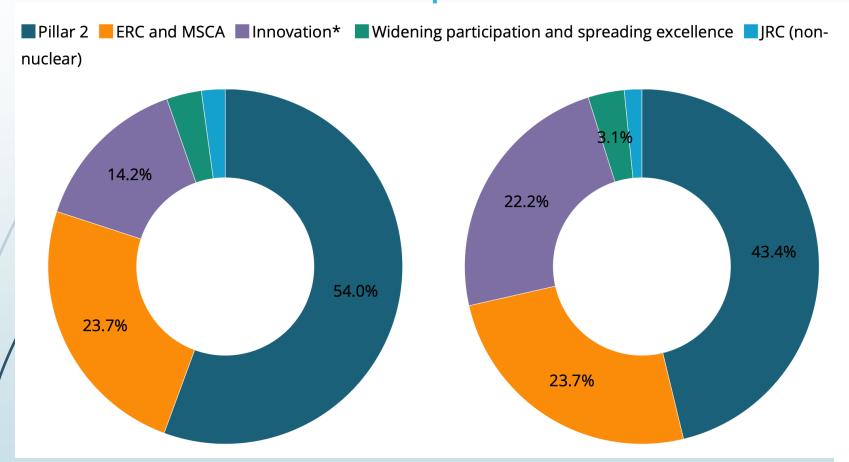
€16.262 BILLION

ERA POLICIES

RESEARCH AND TECHNOLOGY INFRASTRUCTURES

WIDENING PARTICIPATION AND SPREADING EXCELLENCE

Horizon Europe and FP10 Budget compared





Focus on Society – EUR 7.6Bn

Society includes:

- Global Societal Challenges such as migration, disinformation, and the safeguarding, strengthening and promotion of democracy, as well as social and economic transformations, inclusive societies and social cohesion
- New European Bauhaus Facility
- EU Missions



EASSH engagement



Engagement in the negotiations

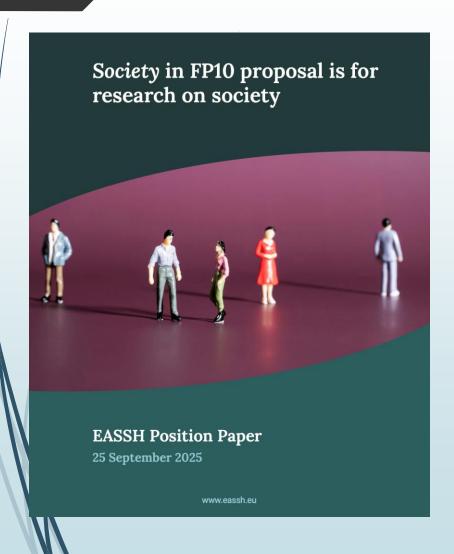
- EASSH to meet Ms Zaharieva, Commissioner for Start-up, R&I and Ms Minzatu Vice-President for Executive Vice-President for Social Rights and Skills, Quality Jobs and Preparedness
- Target ministries and research councils
- Coordinated action and individual actions
- Be vocal and visible as a community not as individuals
- Coordinate interventions with Ministries (eg. Deans of SSH faculties together; coordinate 3 things to demand)
- Participation at key conference and events
- Consistency with EASSH's recommendations



Key focus points in the Negotiation: EP, MS, EC

- Budget: keep the proposed budget of €175bn
- Competitiveness:
 - **■** SSH in all policy windows (art 5)
- Society in FP10 is for research on society
 - Societal Challenges SSH-led SC
 - Missions: to be allocated to the other policy windows
 - New European Bauhaus: in HE received a very small amount
- ERC, MCSA
 - More directionality is at stake
 - More control from the EC policy agenda





Society in FP10 is for Research on Society

EASSH calls for the European Parliament and the member states to support the following key issues in the EC proposal for a new framework programme (FP10):

- Society focus on research on societal challenges
- SSH integration.
- Excellent Science (ERC, MSCA, and research infrastructures.)



Society in FP10 is for research on society: A programme

Democracy

Education

Europe in the 2040 world

Culture and Knowledge

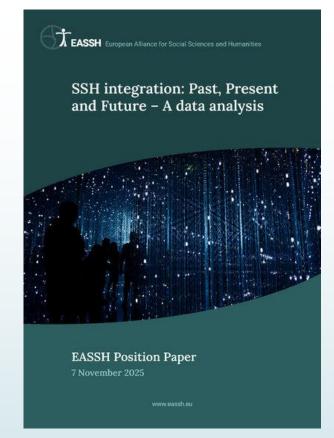
Healthy and productive societies



EASSH presents its analysis and recommendations based on the EC's first monitoring report on SSH integration under Horizon Europe.

The paper describes EASSH's analysis of and recommendations for SSH integration following the report, in particular:

- A more robust assessment methodology
- Sustained implementation and monitoring
- B. Facilitate policy- and research-level lessons of experience
- 4 Using SSH integration to monitor multidisciplinarity
- 5. Societal challenges implemented across all policy windows



SSH integration: past, present and future – A data analysis



First feedback



Danish Presidency draft text (report to be published end of December) Societal Challenges

The headings of the societal challenges proposed:

- Understanding geopolitical, environmental, technologic and democratic changes and evidence for policy making
- Fostering democratic just and secure societies
- Sustaining European cultures and creative industries



Defining multidisciplinarity and the role of SSH

• Article 5: Horizontal Principles

- (a) ensure a multidisciplinary approach, where appropriate, and **provide for the integration of social sciences and humanities (SSH)** across all components under the Programme, including specific calls for proposals on SSH related topics.
- - The Programme shall support activities to tackle global societal challenges in the areas of strengthening democratic values and tackling disinformation, including rule of law and fundamental rights; promoting socio-economic transformations that contribute to inclusion and growth, addressing demographic and intergenerational challenges, including from a youth perspective and including migration management and integration of migrants.
 - In FP10 The Programme shall support activities to tackle global societal challenges in the areas of strengthening democratic values and tackling disinformation, including rule of law and fundamental rights; **promoting socio-economic transformations that contribute to inclusion and growth**, addressing demographic and intergenerational challenges, including from a youth perspective and including migration management and integration of migrants.
 - MS proposed to include: SSH research explicitly in this article similar to what was in HEU ("The Programme shall ensure a multidisciplinary approach and shall, where appropriate, provide for the integration of SSH across all clusters and activities developed under the Programme, including specific calls for proposals on SSH related topics" (Article 7(2))

Your role



Contribute to EASSH Mission to consolidate the funding for SSH in the next FP



Disseminate the position paper and engage with dean of your faculty, your rector, VP for research



Mobilise your university to meet Ministry of Science/ Min of finance



Identify research priorities with your community for a coherent programme design



Become an expert reviewer for EU programmes



Engage with science policy debate: it matters!

THIS IS A NEGOTIATION: ALL VOICES COUNT!!!!



Thank you

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Horizon Europe 2: Structure (proposed)

- Pilar 1: Frontier research (ERC, MSCA, JRC)
 - from €25 billion to €44 billion
- Pillar 2: Collaborative Research
 - €53.5 billion to €75.8 billion.
 - Competitiveness (€68.2) Clean trans, Life Science, Digital Leadership, Resilience, Security, Defence & Space => ECF
 - Society (€7.6) global societal challenges such as migration, disinformation, democracy, social and economic transformations, inclusive societies and social cohesion
- Pillar 3: Innovation (from €13.6 billion to €38.7 billion)
 - ► EIC
 - Innovation ecosystems
 - Pillar 4: Research policy
 - From €3.4 to €16.2 billion
 - Research Infrastructures
 - Widening Programme

